





# **Krantz Components**

Twist outlet DD-N.... for ceiling installation

Air distribution systems



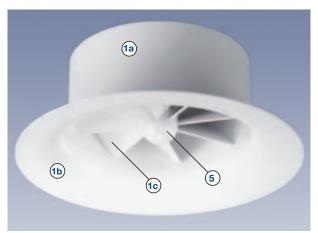
## Preliminary remarks and construction design

# **Preliminary remarks**

Twist outlets for ceiling installation are proven air outlets from Krantz Components for the commercial and industrial sectors. Thanks to their favourable aerodynamics and acoustics, their attractive appearance and easy installation, these outlets have been put to successful use for decades. They are particularly suitable for commercial rooms with high-quality indoor air flow requirements such as office buildings, schools, hospitals, etc.

### **Construction design**

The twist outlet 1 consists of the spigot 1a with shaped circular face 1b and built-in twist vanes 1c. The twist outlet is fastened centrally with the plug 5.



Twist outlet

Different connection types are available for connecting the twist outlet to the duct system:

#### Connection type A 1)

In connection type A, a reducer  ${\bf 2}$  is used for duct connection. On the one side of the reducer is the sleeve  ${\bf 2a}$  for the twist outlet and on the other side is the duct connection spigot  ${\bf 2b}$ .

The reducer is fitted with two L-suspensions **11** on opposite sides for fastening the outlet to the ceiling.

Connection type A is largely used for fitting twist outlets into closed false ceilings or above open grid ceilings.

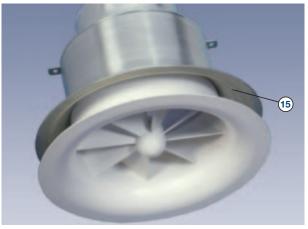
## Connection type AF 1)

Connection type AF is essentially the same as connection type A except that here the reducer with the flange **15** is fitted on the false ceiling from above and the twist outlet is inserted from below through the false ceiling until it is flush with it. The distance between the circular face of the twist outlet and the support flange of the reducer AF is variable; it can be adjusted to the thickness of the false ceiling.

With connection types  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{A}}$  and  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{AF}}$  twist outlets can be used at very low cost.



Connection type A



Connection type AF

# Connection types D and E $^{1)}$

The connection to the duct system is made via a flat connection box **4**. In connection type D, the twist outlet is fitted onto an external sleeve **7**; in connection type E, it is inserted into the connection box, with the face **1b** being flush with the box bottom.

The connection via connection box is effective in rooms with low ceiling plenums:

- connection type D with thicker false ceilings,
- connection type E with thinner false ceilings.

Connection type E is also advantageous for outlets placed above an open grid ceiling or exposed.

<sup>1)</sup> See also installation options on page 5

## Mode of operation, return air inlets, sound power level and pressure drop

#### In general:

With all connection types the twist outlet is inserted from below and fastened at the plug 5 with a central screw 10.

A side of the connection box is fitted with a spigot 8 for connection to a flexible or spiral seam duct. This spigot may be fitted with a volume flow damper 9 adjustable from the room.

The connection box is also available with acoustic lining for higher insertion loss.

The advantages of the connection box are low height, simple volume flow rate setting and good insertion loss.



Connection type D



Connection type E

#### Perforated cover screen

Where a visually plane ceiling surface is required, a perforated cover screen is available for the twist outlet. This cover screen is fastened from below with the central screw 10.



Twist outlet with perforated cover screen

### **Mode of operation**

The vanes of the air outlet produce a twist effect and the curved exit causes an additional horizontal jet deflection. The horizontal, radial jets bring about an intensive admixture of indoor air and, as a result, rapid equalization of supply air temperature with indoor air temperature.

Twist outlets from Krantz Components belong to the diffuse air distribution system where there is no steady air jet pattern in the occupied zone. Thanks to the very high induction effect of the supply air jets, the vertical and horizontal temperature distribution is extremely even in air-conditioned rooms. Twist outlets can be used up to a temperature difference of -12 K when cooling and +5 K when heating.

#### **Return air inlets**

Twist outlets can also be used as return air inlets. This applies for all connection types. A return air inlet with cover screen (without twist vanes) is also part of our standard range of products.

# Sound power level and pressure drop

Typical features of Krantz Components twist outlets are low sound power level and pressure drop. These depend on size, connection type and volume flow rate. For example, for a DN 250 twist outlet with connection type D and a volume flow rate of about 110 l/s [400 m<sup>3</sup>/h]:

- sound power level = 39 dB(A) ref. 10<sup>-12</sup> W
- pressure drop = 47 Pa.

For diagrams and tables see pages 8 – 12.

#### **Design specifications and features**

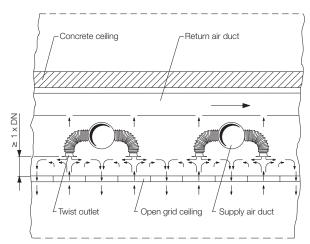
# **Design specifications**

The twist outlets can be installed in closed false ceilings, visibly, or above open grid ceilings, i.e. invisible from the room. This is made very easy by the different connection types. The vertical distance between the upper edge of the open grid ceiling and the discharge level should be  $\geq$  1 x DN.

In air distribution with twist outlets, supply air and return air openings may be located close together. Disruptions in jet dispersion or short-circuiting are ruled out if the height difference between the lower edge of the return air opening and the discharge level of the twist outlet is kept to min. 250 mm. If the twist outlet and the return air opening are at the same level, the horizontal centre spacing should amount to at least five times the nominal diameter (5 x DN).

#### **Features**

- Diffuse air distribution system
- Maximum temperature difference between supply air and indoor
  air.
  - -12 K when cooling, +5 K when heating (+10 K up to 3 m room height)
- Stable jet pattern also at minimum volume flow rate
- Discharge height from 2.2 to 4.5 m
- Low sound power level
- Installation options: inside a false ceiling, above an open grid ceiling, or exposed
- Twist element easy to mount from below and to fasten with central screw
- Twist element made from polystyrene or aluminium
- Optionally available with perforated cover screen for visually plane ceiling surface
- Connection types A and AF with reducer for connection to flexible duct
- Connection types D and E with connection box and spigot; connection box D with built-in volume flow damper adjustable from room; connection box E with volume flow damper adjustable at the spigot or from room; connection boxes D and E optionally available with acoustic lining
- The twist outlets (with all connection types) can also be used as return air inlets
- A return air inlet with cover screen is available as standard for sizes DN 100 to DN 355



Example of supply air distribution via twist outlets above an open grid ceiling. The return air is removed evenly over the whole ceiling and extracted via a return air duct placed above the twist outlets.



Twist outlet installed in a closed false ceiling



Twist outlet in the entrance hall of DEA Mineralöl AG, Hamburg / D

# **Installation options**

# Connection type A Connection type D Closed false ceiling Installation in closed false ceiling with larger thickness ( $d < H_3$ ). Connection type E Installation in closed false ceiling 111111 Visible installation (without false ceiling) Open grid ceiling Placement above open grid ceiling Connection type AF Installation in very thin false ceilings (from plasterboard or sheet metal) with low ceiling plenums. A seal is to be inserted by the client between the connection box and the false ceiling. 1 × DN

Reducer with flange for fitting on false ceiling. The size  $a_1\ is$ 

variable; it corresponds to the thickness 'd' of the false ceiling.

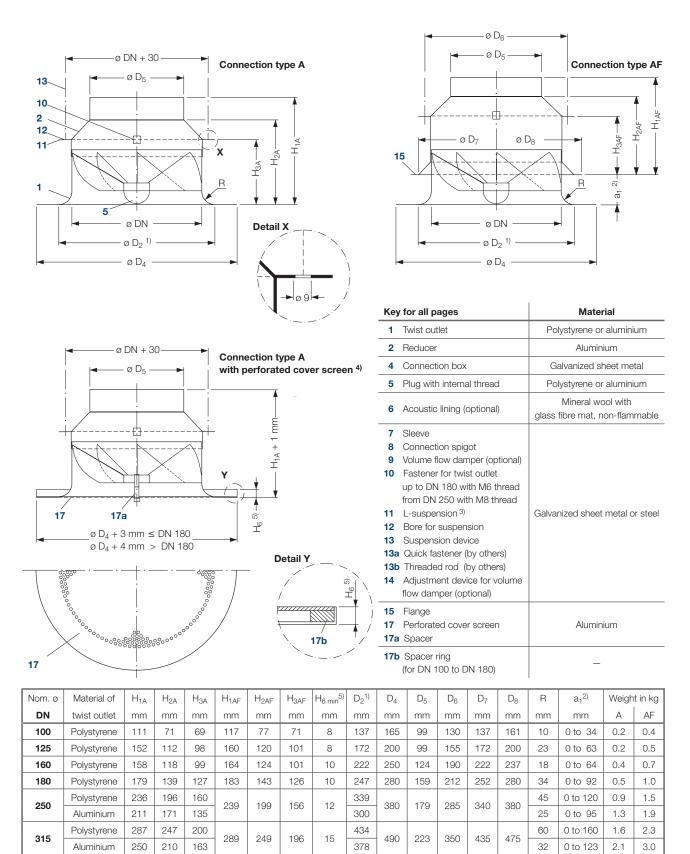
Installation above open grid ceilings, particularly effective with

very low plenums.

<sup>1)</sup> See tables on pages 6 and 7

# Twist outlet, connection types A and AF

#### **Dimensions**



<sup>1)</sup> Ceiling cutout 2) Variable

355

156

18

426

249

390

427

467

36

215

255

2.7

4.0

Aluminium

292

232

178

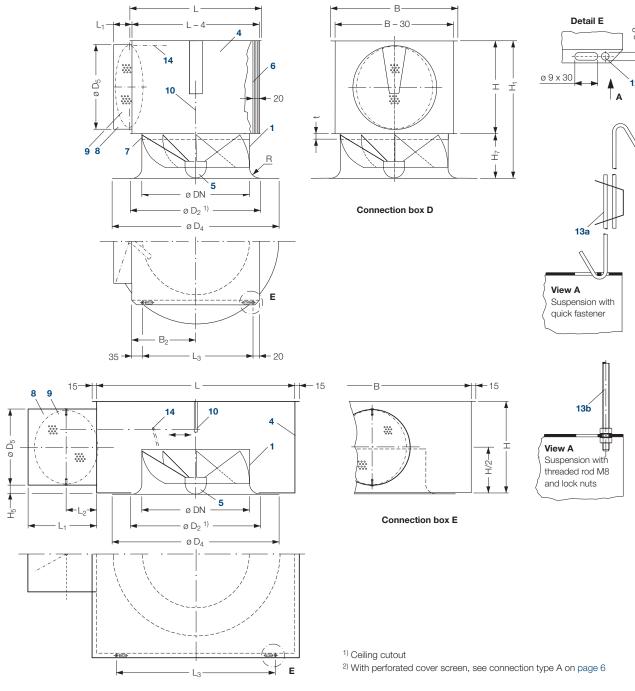
<sup>3)</sup> Size DN 355 has a third L-suspension offset at 90°

<sup>4)</sup> Also available for connection types AF, D and E

<sup>0</sup> to 138 5) Other heights on request

# Twist outlet, connection types D and E

# Dimensions 2)



								-	Conne	ction	box [	)						-	Conne	ection	box I	=		
Nom. ø	Material of	D <sub>2</sub> <sup>1)</sup>	D <sub>4</sub>	R	L	В	B <sub>2</sub>	Н	H <sub>1</sub>	H <sub>7</sub>	D <sub>5</sub>	L <sub>1</sub>	L <sub>3</sub>	t	W	L	В	Н	H <sub>5</sub>	D <sub>5</sub>	L <sub>1</sub>	L <sub>2</sub>	L <sub>3</sub>	W
DN	twist outlet	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	kg	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	kg
100	Polystyrene	137	165	10	165	180	90	125	174	49	99	40	110	25	1.8	300	300	135	18	99	95	35	171	1.6
125	Polystyrene	172	200	23	190	205	103	125	203	78	99	40	135	25	2.0	300	300	135	18	99	95	35	171	1.8
160	Polystyrene	222	250	18	225	240	120	150	229	79	124	40	170	30	2.8	380	380	180	28	124	95	35	251	2.4
180	Polystyrene	247	280	34	245	260	130	185	292	107	159	40	190	30	3.3	380	380	180	10	159	135	55	251	3.1
250	Polystyrene	339	200	45	015	220	105	005	360	135	199	60	260	35	5.0	E00	E00	050	O.E.	170	155	65	071	4.9
250	Aluminium	300	380	25	315	330	165	225	335	110	199	60	200	33	5.4	500	500	250	35	179	155	65	371	5.3
315	Polystyrene	434	490	60	380	395	198	275	450	175	249	60	205	35	7.0	600	600	250	13	223	200	90	471	6.8
315	Aluminium	378	490	32	380	395	198	2/5	413	138	138	00	325	35	7.6	600	000	250	13	223	200	90	4/1	7.3
355	Aluminium	426	550	36	420	435	218	305	458	153	279	60	365	35	9.6	650	650	300	25	249	225	100	521	9.6

#### **Comfort criteria**

#### Comfort criteria 1)

The outlet layout must comply with the maximum allowable indoor air velocities u in the occupied zone in the cooling mode. The indoor air velocity depends on the cooling load that is to be removed from the room. The maximum specific cooling capacity  $\dot{q}$  depends on the discharge height and the maximum allowable indoor air velocity u (Graph 1).

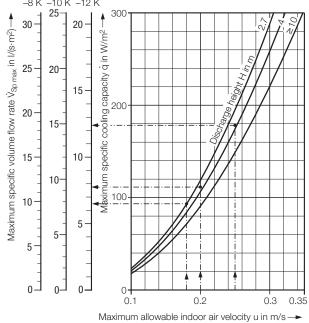
Graph 1 enables to determine for the cooling mode the maximum specific volume flow rate  $\dot{V}_{Sp~max}$  in relation to the maximum specific cooling capacity and the maximum temperature difference  $\Delta \vartheta_{max}$ . The volume flow rate supplied to the room  $\dot{V}_{Sp~tats}$  may not exceed this value.

Graph 2 enables to determine the minimum centre spacing between two outlets on the basis of the maximum specific volume flow rate.

flow rate.

Temperature difference Δϑ<sub>max</sub>

–8 K –10 K –12 K



Graph 1: Max. specific volume flow rate

#### Key for layout:

 $\dot{V}_A$  = volume flow rate per air outlet in I/s

 $\dot{V}_{A\;max}$  = max. volume flow rate per air outlet when cooling in l/s  $\dot{V}_{A\;min}$  = min. volume flow rate per air outlet when cooling in l/s  $\dot{V}_{SD\;max}$  = max. specific volume flow rate per m² in l/(s·m²)

 $\dot{V}_{Sp \; tats} = actual \; specific \; volume \; flow \; rate \; per \; m^2 \; of \; floor \; area \; in \; l/(s \cdot m^2)$ 

u = max. allowable indoor air velocity in m/s q = max. specific cooling capacity in W/m<sup>2</sup>

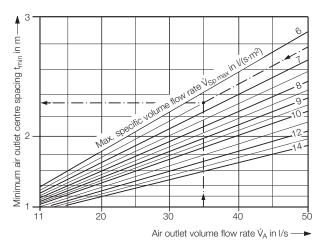
 $\Delta \vartheta_{\text{max}} = \text{max.}$  temperature difference supply air to return air in K

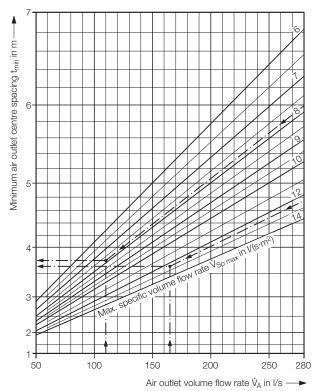
 $t_{min}$  = minimum air outlet centre spacing in m

H = discharge height in m

 $L_{WA}$  = sound power level in dB(A) ref. 10<sup>-12</sup> W

 $\Delta p_t$  = total pressure drop in Pa



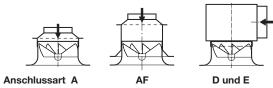


Graph 2: Minimum air outlet centre spacing

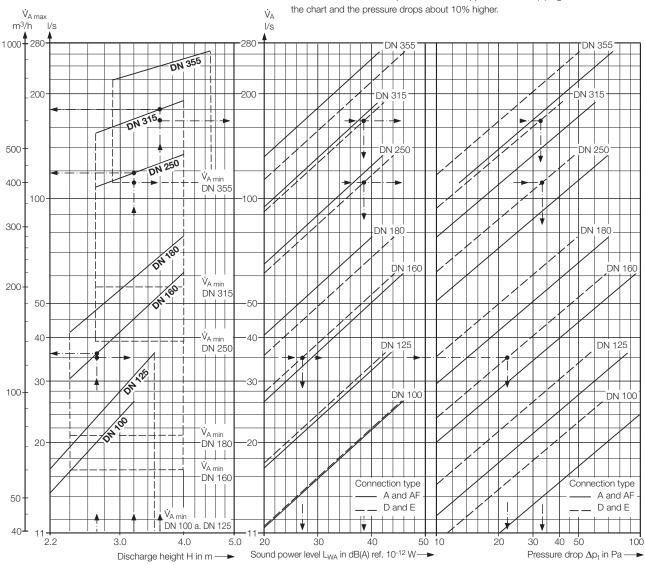
 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 1)}$  See our brochure ref. TB 69 'Layout specifications for thermal comfort'

# Twist outlet DN 100 - DN 355

# Connection types A, AF, D and E - Nomogram



The sound power levels for connection types A and AF apply for vertical air supply to the air outlet. The chart values for sound power level and pressure drop for connection types D and E apply for damper position 'open' and connection box without acoustic lining. With acoustic lining, the sound power levels are about 2 dB(A) lower than indicated in the chart. The pressure drop is not affected by the acoustic lining. For outlets with perforated cover screens, the sound power levels are approx. 2 to 4 dB(A) higher than indicated in



,							
Layout example							
Size (Connection type	D)		DN 160	DN 250	DN 315		
Application			Office	Bank	Department		
Application			Office	Dank	store		
1 Supply air volume flo	w rate V	/ I/s	2 200	5 500			
2 Discharge height	Н	m	2.7	3.2	3.6		
3 Floor area	Α	m <sup>2</sup>	400	1 000	1 200		
4 Max. allowable soun	d			40			
power level L <sub>WA</sub>	dB(A) re	f.10 <sup>-12</sup> W	40				
5 Comfort criteria (see	page 8)						
<ul> <li>– Max. allowable ind</li> </ul>	oor air						
velocity u		m/s	0.18	0.2	0.25		
<ul> <li>– Max. specific volur</li> </ul>	ne flow ra	ate					
$\dot{V}_{Sp max}$ at $\Delta \vartheta_{max} =$	-12 K	I/(s•m <sup>2</sup> )	6.5	7.8	12.5		
- Actual specific volu	ime flow						
V <sub>Sp tats</sub> [from 1:3]		I/(s•m <sup>2</sup> )	5.5	5.5	4.6		
Criterion is met if V <sub>Sp</sub>	$tats < \dot{V}_{Sp}$						

From non	nogram		1	1	
Size			DN 160	DN 250	DN 315
6 V <sub>A max</sub>		l/s	36	118	168
<b>7</b> Z	$[\dot{V}:\dot{V}_A]$	units	63	50	33
<b>8</b> V <sub>A</sub>	[V : Z]	l/s	35	110	165
9 L <sub>WA</sub>	dB(A) ref. 10-	12 W	≈ 27	≈ 38	≈ 38
<b>10</b> Δp <sub>t</sub>		Pa	≈ 22	≈ 32	≈ 32
<b>11</b> t <sub>min</sub>	[Graph 2 on page 8]	m	≈ 2.3	≈ 3.8	≈ 3.6

# Twist outlet DN 100 - DN 355

# Connection types A, AF, D and E - Sound power level

				Co	nnecti	on type	es A an	d AF				C	onnect	ion typ	es D aı	nd E		
Size	Air outle	rate	Total pressure drop <sup>3)</sup>	So L <sub>WA</sub> 3)				dB ref.			Total pressure drop <sup>2+3)</sup>	So L <sub>WA</sub> 3)				dB ref. re frequ		
	l/s	m <sup>3</sup> /h	$\Delta p_t$ in Pa	dB(A)	125	250	500	1 000	2 000	4 000	Δp <sub>t</sub> in Pa	dB(A)	125	250	500	1 000	2 000	4 000
	11	40	21	20	15	20	20	14	_	_	12	19	27	24	16	_	_	
DN 400	16	60	48	32	27	32	32	26	20	16	26	32	40	36	29	22	15	_
DN 100	22	80	84	41	36	41	41	35	29	25	47	41	49	44	36	35	29	16
	25	90	07	44	39	44	44	38	32	28	59	44	52	47	39	40	34	21
	16	60	19	21	19	22	21	16	_	_	12	18	27	24	16	-	_	-
DN 125	22	80	33	29	27	29	29	24	_	_	21	27	36	32	25	16	_	-
DIT 120	28	100	52	35	33	34	35	31	20	_	33	34	43	39	31	26	19	-
	33	120	70	41	38	39	41	36	29	20	48	40	48	43	36	34	28	15
	28	100	18	22	21	23	23	14	_	_	14	20	28	25	17	-	_	-
	33	120	28	28	25	28	28	22	12	_	20	26	34	31	23	13	_	-
DN 160	39	140	39	32	29	31	32	26	19	_	28	30	39	35	28	21	13	-
	45 50	160 180	50 64	36 40	32 34	34 37	35	31	25 30	-	36	35 38	43 47	39	31	27 32	20 25	13
							38	36		20	46			42	35	-		
	50	180	30	27	24	25	25	24	16	_	20	30	39	35	28	21	13	-
DN 400	55	200	36	30	27	28	28	27	19	_	25	34	43	38	31	25	18	_
DN 180	60 66	220 240	44 52	33 35	30 33	31 34	31 34	30 32	22 24	13 14	30 36	37 40	45 48	41 43	33 36	30	23 27	11 15
	72	260	60	38	35	36	36	35	27	18	42	42	50	45	38	37	31	18
	70	250	18	23	27	23	21	18	12	_	13	23	29	28	21	15	_	_
	83	300	27	28	31	28	26	24	14	_	18	29	35	33	27	22	13	_
DN 250	97	350	37	32	35	31	30	29	20	_	25	34	39	37	31	28	20	-
	110	400	49	36	38	34	33	33	25	16	32	38	42	41	35	33	25	14
	125	450	61	40	41	37	36	37	30	23	41	42	45	44	39	38	30	19
	125	450	27	29	30	29	28	25	15	_	18	29	35	33	27	22	13	-
	140	500	33	32	33	32	31	38	18	_	23	32	38	36	30	27	18	-
DN 315	153	550	40	35	36	35	34	31	21	13	27	35	40	39	33	30	22	_
	165	600	47	37	38	37	36	33	23	15	33	38	42	41	35	33	25	14
	180	650	56	40	41	40	39	36	26	18	38	41	44	43	38	36	29	17
	165	600	29	28	32	31	27	21	_	_	20	32	37	36	29	26	17	-
DNI OSS	195	700	40	32	35	34	31	26	17	- 10	27	37	41	40	34	32	23	12
DN 355	220	800 900	51 65	36 40	38 41	37	35 39	32 36	23 28	16 23	36 45	41 44	44 47	43	38 41	36 41	29 33	17 22
	250 265	950	65 72	40	41	40 42	40	39	31	23 26	50 50	46	47	46 47	43	43	36	24
											duct and 00		70	,	_ =0	_ =0		

 $<sup>^{1)}</sup>$  Values apply for vertical air supply to the air outlet. They are higher for connection to flexible duct and  $90^{\circ}$  elbow.

<sup>3)</sup> For outlets with perforated cover screens, the sound power levels are higher than in the table by approx. 2 to 4 dB(A) ref. 10-12 W and the pressure drop values are higher by about 10%.

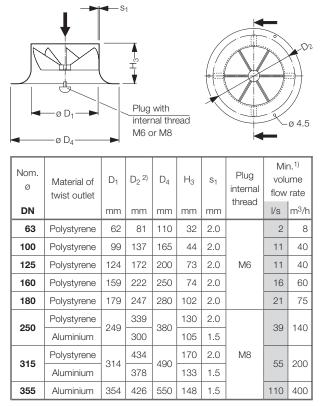
	Insertion loss in dB								
Size	Connection box <b>without</b> acoustic lining Octave band centre frequency in Hz								
DN	125	250	500	1 000	2 000	4 000			
100	3	2	1	6	8	7			
125	3	2	1	5	6	8			
160	2	2	1	3	4	7			
180	3	2	1	6	3	5			
250	4	2	5	4	4	4			
315	4	2	6	6	4	4			
355	4	2	3	4	3	3			

	Insertion loss in dB									
Size		Connection box <b>with</b> acoustic lining Octave band centre frequency in Hz								
DN	125	250	500	1 000	2 000	4 000				
100	3	2	3	7	10	10				
125	3	2	2	6	10	11				
160	3	2	3	7	8	8				
180	3	2	3	9	7	6				
250	4	2	6	7	6	8				
315	4	2	7	7	5	6				
355	4	2	7	7	4	5				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Applies for damper position 'open' and connection box without acoustic lining. With lining, the values are lower by about 2 dB(A) ref. 10-12 W. The pressure drop is not affected by the acoustic lining.

# Single twist outlet element

# Dimensions and sound power level - nomogram



<sup>1)</sup> The maximum volume flow rate depends on the discharge height, see nomogram (page 9)

#### Note:

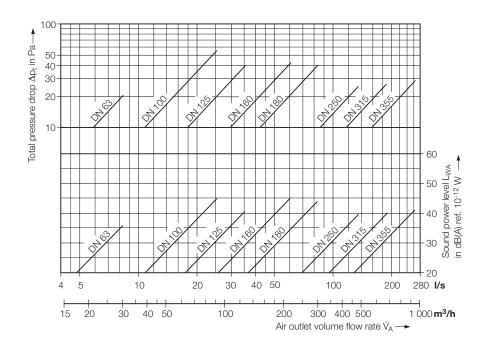
The chart and table values apply for axial air supply to twist outlets

Single twist outlet elements are also available with perforated

Size	Air o volum ra	e flow	Total pressure drop	Sound power level L <sub>W</sub> in dB ref. 10 <sup>-12</sup> W									
	Ÿ	'A	$\Delta p_t$	Cotave band centre frequency in Hz									
DN	l/s	m <sup>3</sup> /h	Pa	dB(A)	125	250	500	1000	2000	4000			
	4	15	5	16	10	13	16	12	_	_			
63	5.5 8	20 30	9 21	24 35	17 29	19 28	24 34	20 32	_ 21	- 12			
100	14 21 25	50 75 90	17 38 55	27 38 43	26 35 39	28 37 42	27 36 41	23 35 40	12 27 34	21 28			
125	16 25 33	60 90 120	9 20 36	19 30 38	25 35 42	21 31 39	18 28 36	15 26 34	- 15 27	- - 19			
160	30 40 55	110 145 200	11 19 37	24 32 42	29 35 42	27 34 42	24 31 40	15 25 38	- 18 31	_ _ 24			
180	45 55 66	160 200 240	11 18 26	25 32 37	27 35 41	27 33 38	25 31 37	15 24 31	- 20 28	- - 18			
250	78 95 110	280 340 400	9 13 17	23 29 34	27 31 35	24 30 34	23 29 33	15 22 28	- 16 23	_			
315	105 128 150	380 460 540	8 12 17	21 27 32	26 31 35	21 27 32	21 26 31	15 22 28	- 12 19				
355	140 165 195	500 600 700	8 11 15	21 27 32	26 31 34	23 28 32	21 26 31	16 23 28	- 11 18	_ _ _			

cover screens (for dimensions see page 6).

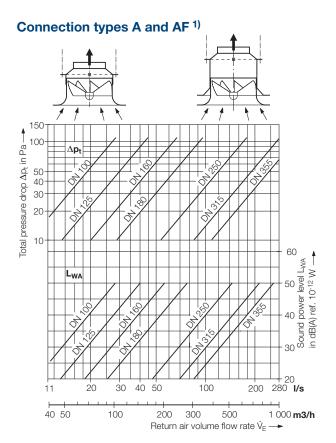
With perforated cover screen, the sound power levels are higher than indicated here by approx. 2 to 4 dB(A) ref. 10-12 W and the pressure drops about 10% higher.



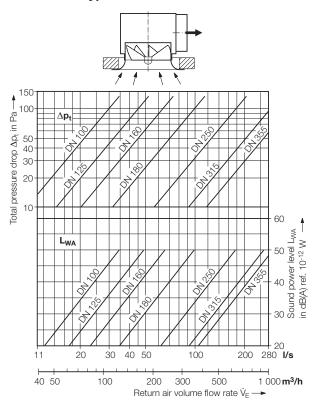
<sup>2)</sup> Ceiling cutout

# Twist outlet as return air inlet

# and return air inlet with perforated cover screen

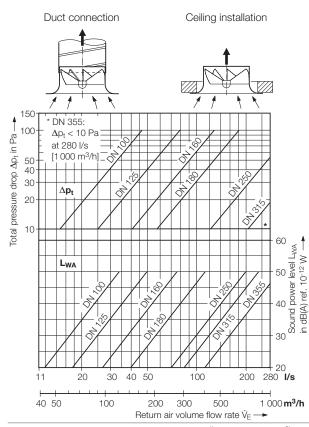


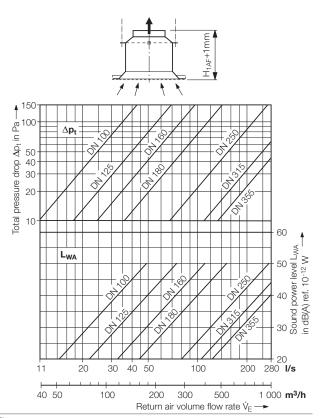
# Connection types D and E 1)



# Single element 2)



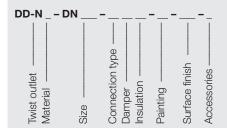




# 06.2014 D. 13 www.krantz.de DS 1175 E

# Type code

as supply air outlet



## Material

K = Plastic A = Aluminium

#### Size

	Plastic	Aluminium
63 = DN 63	•	
100 = DN 100	•	
125 = DN 125	•	
160 = DN 160	•	
180 = DN 180	•	
250 = DN 250	•	•
315 = DN 315	•	•
355 = DN 355		•

#### **Connection type**

O = no connection piece (only discharge element)

A = reducer (connection type A)

AF = reducer with support flange (connection type AF)
D = connection box (connection type D), external sleeve = connection box (connection type E), outlet flush with Ε

connection box = perforated hood 2)

### Damper

L

O = no volume flow damper

R = with volume flow damper adjustable from room S = with volume flow damper adjustable at spigot 1)

#### Insulation

O = without acoustic lining

I = with acoustic lining

### **Painting**

P = powder-coated (for the aluminium type)

N = wet painted (for the plastic type)

E = body tinted (only for the plastic type)

#### Surface finish

9010= face painted to RAL 9010, semi-matt 7038= face painted to RAL 7038, semi-matt

.... = face painted to RAL ...

#### Accessories

O = none

= perforated cover

#### - as return air inlet



#### Size:

100 = DN 100

125 = DN 125

160 = DN 160

180 = DN 180

250 = DN 250

315 = DN 315355 = DN 355

#### Surface finish

9010= face painted to RAL 9010, semi-matt

7038= face painted to RAL 7038, semi-matt

.... = face painted to RAL ...

<sup>1)</sup> Available for connection box of type E

<sup>2)</sup> Perforated hood for supply air to increase pressure upon request

# Tender text - Supply air outlet

... units – Twist outlet with high induction effect for diffuse air flow in room at minimum temperature gradients in the occupied zone,

#### consisting of:

 twist outlet element with spigot, circular face and twist vanes, optionally fitted with perforated cover screen for visually plane ceiling surface,

duct connection via reducer with lateral L-suspensions or reducer with support flange for placement on false ceiling and with lateral L-suspensions, each type of reducer with central fastener for air outlet, or connection via flat connection box with connection spigot and central fastener for air outlet, including flange bores for suspension, with optional volume flow damper adjustable from room or – for connection type E – adjustable at spigot, box optionally fitted with acoustic lining.

#### Material:

- Twist outlet element made of polystyrene, body-tinted to RAL 7038, agate grey, or wet painted to RAL 9010, pure white <sup>2)</sup>
- Twist outlet element made of aluminium in natural colour or powder-coated to RAL 9010, pure white <sup>2 + 3)</sup>
- Perforated cover screen made of aluminium, powder-coated to RAL 9010, pure white  $^{2)}$
- Reducer made of aluminium
- Reducer made of aluminium with support flange
- Connection box made of galvanized sheet metal

Make:	Krantz Component
Type:	DD-N DN

# - Return air inlet with perforated cover screen 1)

... units - Return air inlet with perforated cover screen

#### consisting of:

 perforated cover screen with circular face, reducer with flange and lateral L-suspensions, including central fastener for perforated cover screen.

#### Material:

- Perforated cover screen made of aluminium, powder-coated to RAL 9010, pure white
- Reducer made of aluminium with support flange

Make:	Krantz Components
Type:	DA-L – DN –

Subject to technical alterations.

<sup>1)</sup> Applies for return air inlet with perforated cover screen, see page 12. Where supply air outlets are used as return air inlets, the tender text is the same as for supply air outlets.

<sup>2)</sup> Other colours on request

<sup>3)</sup> Only sizes DN 250, DN 315 and DN 355 available



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